SITE SYNOPSIS

SITE NAME: LOUGH DERG (SHANNON) SPA

SITE CODE: 004058

Lough Derg lies within counties Tipperary, Galway and Clare and is the largest of the River Shannon Lakes, being some 40 km long. Its maximum breadth across the Scarriff Bay -Youghal Bay transect is 13 km but for most of its length it is less than 5 km wide. The lake is relatively shallow at the northern end being mostly 6 m in depth but in the middle region it has an axial trench and descends to over 25 m in places. The narrow southern end of the lake has the greatest average depth, with a maximum of 34 m. The greater part of the lake lies on Carboniferous limestone but the narrow southern section is underlain by Silurian strata. Most of the lower part of the lake is enclosed by hills on both sides, the Slieve Aughty Mountains to the west and the Arra Mountains to the east. The northern end is bordered by relatively flat, agricultural country. The lake shows the high hardness levels and alkaline pH to be expected from its mainly limestone catchment basin, and it has most recently been classified as a mesotrophic system. The lake has many small islands, especially on its western and northern sides. The shoreline is often fringed with swamp vegetation. Aquatic vegetation includes a range of charophyte species, including the Red Data Book species, Chara tomentosa. The shoreline is often fringed by swamp vegetation, comprised of such species as Common Reed (Phragmites australis), Great Fen-sedge (Cladium mariscus) and Bottle Sedge (Carex rostrata).

The site is a Special Protection Area (SPA) under the E.U. Birds Directive, of special conservation interest for the following species: Cormorant, Tufted Duck, Goldeneye and Common Tern. The E.U. Birds Directive pays particular attention to wetlands and, as these form part of this SPA, the site and its associated waterbirds are of special conservation interest for Wetland & Waterbirds.

Lough Derg is of importance for both breeding and wintering birds. The site supports a nationally important breeding colony of Common Tern (55 pairs recorded in 1995). Management of one of the islands used for nesting has increased the area of suitable habitat available and prevented nests being destroyed by fluctuating water levels. Large numbers of Black-headed Gull have traditionally bred on the many islands (2,176 pairs in 1985) but the recent status of this species is not known. The islands in the lake also support a nationally important Cormorant colony - 167 pairs were recorded in 1995; a partial survey of the lake in 2010 recorded 113 pairs. Lough Derg is also a noted breeding site for Great Crested Grebe (47 pairs in 1995) and Tufted Duck (169 pairs in May 1995).

In winter, the lake is important for a range of waterfowl species, including nationally important populations of Tufted Duck (776) and Goldeneye (157) – all figures are mean peaks for 4 of the 5 seasons between 1995/96 and 1999/2000. Other species which occur in winter include Mute Swan (164), Whooper Swan (18), Wigeon (249), Teal (301), Mallard (376), Little Grebe (14), Cormorant (90), Coot (173), Lapwing

(922), Curlew (66) and Black-headed Gull (732). Areas to north and south west of Lough Derg have been utilised in the past by small numbers of Greenland White-fronted Goose – 19 geese were recorded on callowland near Portumna in 1996/97. A relatively small flock based in the Lough Derg-Lough Graney area and possibly further afield have been recorded in the Scarriff Bay area – 20 geese recorded in 2004. Few sightings, at either location have been made in recent years.

Hen Harrier are also known to roost in the reedbeds on the margins of the site during the winter.

Lough Derg (Shannon) SPA is of high ornithological importance as it supports nationally important breeding populations of Cormorant and Common Tern. In winter, it has nationally important populations of Tufted Duck and Goldeneye, as well as a range of other species including Whooper Swan. The presence of Whooper Swan, Greenland White-fronted Goose, Hen Harrier and Common Tern is of particular note as these are listed on Annex I of the E.U. Birds Directive. Parts of Lough Derg (Shannon) SPA are a Wildfowl Sanctuary.