SITE SYNOPSIS

SITE NAME: DERRYVEAGH AND GLENDOWAN MOUNTAINS SPA

SITE CODE: 004039

Derryveagh and Glendowan Mountains SPA is an extensive upland site in north-west Co. Donegal, comprising Glenveagh National Park, a substantial part of the Derryveagh and Glendowan Mountains and a number of the surrounding lakes. Much of the site is over 300 m above sea level, rising to a peak of 678 m at Slieve Snaght The solid geology is predominantly quartzite. The substrate over much of site is peat, with blanket bog and heath comprising the principal habitats.

The site is a Special Protection Area (SPA) under the E.U. Birds Directive, of special conservation interest for the following species: Red-throated Diver, Merlin, Peregrine, Golden Ployer and Dunlin.

This site is one of only a few locations where Red-throated Diver breed in Ireland and the birds also use a number of lakes within the site for feeding. A survey in 2010 recorded 6 pairs at the site. The extensive bog and heath habitats provide excellent foraging habitat for both Peregrine (5-6 pairs in 2002) and Merlin (estimated 6-11 pairs). Peregrine nest on the crags and cliffs, whilst Merlin nest in the heather or in old crows' nests in trees. The site is very important for breeding Golden Plover and Dunlin (subsp. *schinzii*) with 18 and 5 pairs respectively recorded in 2002.

Red Grouse is also widespread on the bogs and Ring Ouzel, a rare species of the uplands, breeds sparingly, with at least 2 pairs recorded in a 2002 survey. Several pairs of Whinchat, a scarce Irish species, breed within the site. Goosander is also a regular visitor to the lakes, though breeding within the site has not been proved. Snowy Owl has also attempted to breed within the site - a clutch of eggs was laid but these did not hatch. Wood Warbler is present annually, with perhaps three pairs occurring. Redstart has bred on at least one occasion but there have been few sightings in recent years and it is not known if breeding occurs regularly.

Glenveagh National Park is the central location for the Golden Eagle re-introduction programme, which commenced in 2000. With time, this species may become successfully re-established as a breeding species in Ireland.

The site is of high ornithological importance with nationally important breeding populations of five species. Of particular note is that five of the species that occur regularly are listed on Annex I of the E.U. Birds Directive, i.e. Red-throated Diver, Peregrine, Merlin, Golden Plover and Dunlin (subsp. *schinzii*). A large proportion of Lough Barra Bog, a Ramsar Convention site and a Statutory Nature Reserve, is within the Derryveagh and Glendowan Mountains SPA.