



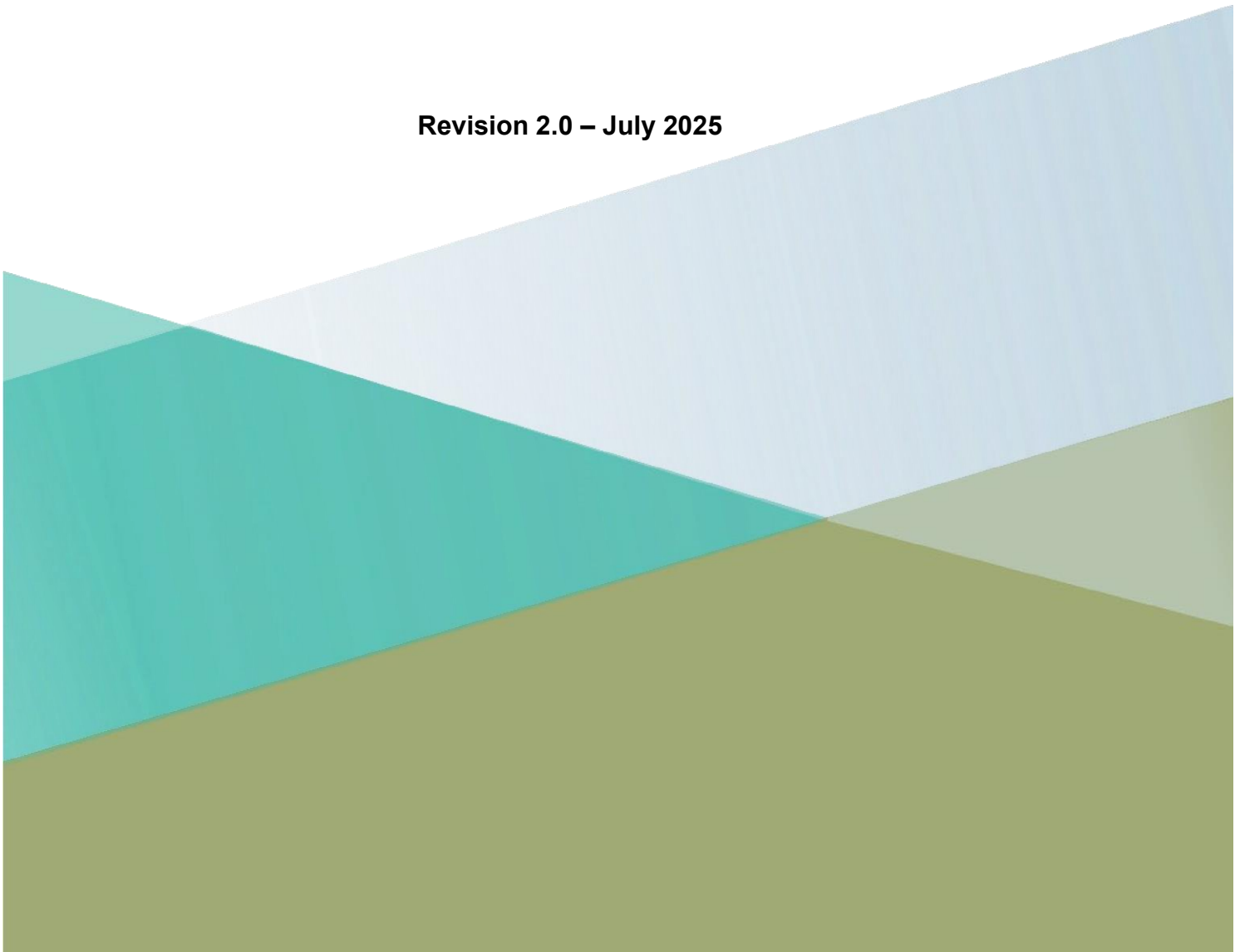
NPWS

An tSeirbhís Páirceanna
Náisiúnta agus Fiadhúlra
National Parks and Wildlife
Service

Application for Derogation Under Regulation 54 & 54A of the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations

2011, as amended

Revision 2.0 – July 2025



- This form can be used by any individual or Company applying for a derogation under Regulation 54 of the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations 2011 (“the Regulations”) or any individual applying on behalf of the Minister for Housing, Local Government and Heritage under Regulation 54(A) of the Regulations.
- Note this application form is not for Domestic Dwelling Derogations (bats within private homes) which can be found here > ([3D Application Form](#))
- Please ensure that you answer questions fully in order to avoid delays and/or your application being rejected on the basis that it does not contain sufficient information and detail for the application to be considered further.
- Please read and familiarise yourself with the [NPWS Guidance on Applications for Regulation 54 Derogations for Annex IV species: Guidance for Applicants](#)
- Please read and familiarise yourself with the [European Commission’s Guidance document on the strict protection of animal species of Community interest under the Habitats Directive](#)
- Please also note that the responses to these questions are supplementary to the documentation required for the NPWS to be in a position to consider your application. A complete application should include both the application form and an associated report. Failure to supply either will result in your application being returned and/or refused.
- In circumstances in which a derogation is given on foot of this application, the Applicant is responsible for ensuring compliance with the conditions of any such derogation, even though they may employ another person to act on their behalf. To carry out any activity without, or not in accordance with, a derogation granted under regulation 54 or 54A of the Regulations constitutes a criminal offence, subject to prosecution.
- If you experience any problems filling in this form, please contact the Wildlife Licensing Unit: reg54derogations@npws.gov.ie
- Please note – applications, associated reports and derogations will be published on the NPWS website and/or the Department’s Open Data website.
- Where any applicant is applying for a derogation to carry out surveys, please ensure to list all qualified ecologists and trainees under their supervision. See section 1(c) of Part A.

Part A: The Applicant - Personal Details

These questions relate to the person responsible for any proposed works and who will be the **Applicant**. **If this application is being submitted on behalf of a third party, please also complete Part B below.**

1. (a) Name of Applicant

Title (Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms/Dr)	Forename(s)	Surname
Mr	Justin	Parks
(b) Company Name, if applicable	Technimark	
(c) Address Line 1	Longford Business & Technology Park,	
Address Line 2	Ballinalee Rd, Templemichael Glebe	
Town	Longford	
County	Longford	
Eircode		
(d) Contact number		
(e) Email address		
(f) Address where works are to be carried out if different from (b) above.		
Address Line 1	.	
Address Line 2		
Town	.	
County	.	
Eircode		

Details of Person Submitting Application on Behalf of Applicant/Derogation Holder

Information relating to the person (e.g. ecologist) responsible for submitting the application on behalf of the applicant should be entered below:

1. (b) Name of Person/Ecologist

Title (Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms/Dr)	Forename(s)	Surname
Mr	Brian	Keeley
(b) Company Name	Wildlife Surveys Ireland Ltd.	
Address Line 1	Golashane Nature Reserve	

Address Line 2	Maio, Tierworker
Town	Kells
County	Meath
Eircode	A82VE86
(c) Contact number	[REDACTED]
(d) Email address	[REDACTED]
(e) Relationship to Applicant	Consultant ecologist / bat specialist

Part B: Species covered by the Derogation

1. **Species of Animal:** Please indicate which species is/are the subject of the application:

- Bat
- Otter
- Kerry Slug
- Natterjack Toad
- Dolphin
- Whale
- Turtle
- Porpoise

2. Please detail the exact species (scientific name): Common pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus*)

3. Please provide the maximum number of individuals affected* 20

4. Please provide the maximum number of breeding or resting sites affected* 1

5. Please provide the maximum number of eggs to be taken* _____

6. Please provide the maximum number of eggs to be destroyed* _____

*If no figures can be provided for the maximum number of individuals, breeding sites, resting places and eggs to be covered by the derogation please provide reasons why.

7. **Species of Plant:** Please indicate which species is/are the subject of the application:

- Killarney Fern
- Slender Naiad
- Marsh Saxifrage

8. If you previously received a derogation for any species of animal or plant, please state derogation number and confirm that you have made a return to NPWS on the numbers actually affected by that derogation.

9. **Proposed Dates for Activities:** Please indicate the timeframe that you propose to carry out the activities. Dates set by NPWS may differ from dates proposed here. *A derogation will only be issued with a start and end date within a calendar year.*

Start Date:	September 2026
End Date:	31 st December 2026

Part C: Nature of the Derogation.

1. Please tick which prohibition(s) the application for a derogation relates to:

Regulation 51	
Deliberately capture or kill any specimen of the relevant species in the wild	<input type="checkbox"/>
Deliberately disturb these species particularly during the period of breeding, rearing, hibernation and migration	<input type="checkbox"/>
Deliberately take or destroy eggs of the relevant species in the wild	<input type="checkbox"/>
Damage or destroy a breeding or resting place of such an animal, or	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Keep, transport, sell, exchange, offer for sale or offer for exchange any specimen of the relevant species taken in the wild, other than those taken legally as referred to in Article 12(2) of the Habitats Directive.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Regulation 52	
Deliberately pick, collect, cut, uproot or destroy any specimen of these species in the wild, or	<input type="checkbox"/>
Keep, transport, sell, exchange, offer for sale or offer for exchange any specimen of these species taken in the wild, other than those taken legally as referred to in Article 13(1)(b) of the Habitats Directive.	<input type="checkbox"/>

Further information should be provided in the format set out in Part E: Template for Supporting Information

Part D: Derogation Tests

Note: The following summary information must be provided by the applicant in all cases, and will be used to determine if a derogation can be provided. Further information must be provided in the format set out in Part E: Template for Supporting Information

Test 1: Reason for the Derogation

1. Please tick which reason(s) below explains how this application qualifies under Regulation 54(2)(a-e) or Regulation 54A(2)(a-e) of the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations: Please provide a summary of how the application meets the 3 conditions required to provide a derogation. Note that in all cases additional information must be provided (see Part E).

a.	In the interests of protecting wild flora and fauna and conserving natural habitats (proceed to 2a)	<input type="checkbox"/>
b.	To prevent serious damage, in particular to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries and water and other types of property (proceed to 2b)	<input type="checkbox"/>

c.	In the interests of public health and public safety, or for other imperative reasons of overriding public interest, including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment (proceed to 2c)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
d.	For the purpose of research and education, of re-populating and re-introducing these species and for the breeding operations necessary for these purposes, including artificial propagation of plants (proceed to 2d)	<input type="checkbox"/>
e.	To allow, under strictly supervised conditions, on a selective basis and to a limited extent, the taking or keeping of certain specimens of the species to the extent specified therein, which are referred to in the First Schedule (proceed to 2e)	<input type="checkbox"/>

2a. In the interests of protecting wild flora and fauna and conserving natural habitats:

i) Please state the wild flora, fauna or habitats that require protection and /or conservation.

ii) Please summarise how the interests of protection and conservation of the species/habitat concerned justify affecting another species under strict protection.

2b) To prevent serious damage, in particular to crops, livestock, forests, fisheries and water and other types of property:

i) Please summarise the nature of the potential damage, why it is considered “serious” and how this outweighs the conservation interest of the species under strict protection.

2c) In the interests of public health and public safety, or for other imperative reasons of overriding public interest, including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment:

i) Where the reason is for public health and public safety, summarise the evidence provided to support this reason (e.g. documentary evidence of the risk from a chartered structural engineer, tree surgeon, Garda Síochána, qualified health professional etc.)

The building may have served as a security post at the entrance gates to the eir yard but is not in use at present. The building is not being maintained and is becoming degraded. There are no signs of immediate collapse but the structure is unmanaged. The lack of utility for the structure will lead to its slow decline and collapse. |

- ii) Where the reason is for “other imperative reasons of overriding public interest, including those of a social or economic nature and beneficial consequences of primary importance for the environment”, summarise the nature of the public interest and how this outweighs the conservation interest of the species under strict protection.

The structure lies at the entrance to a revised use of the site and prevents the proper utilisation of the site for industrial development. The operation of the Technimark business in Ireland will create a turnover of €50 million and would be of social and economic value both to the local and national community. The roost type is highly important for the species concerned but is also of a type that is highly common and well distributed across Ireland. Common pipistrelles have been provided with new roost options under this proposal and are adept at finding roosting opportunities in existing buildings within the surrounding area. The industrial park has been assigned its status for industrial development and the proposal meets these criteria and would provide social and economic value only if it can be constructed to the parameters proposed. The reduction in scale required to retain the building would reduce the efficiency or viability of the plant. It is also likely that the construction of the plant at a lesser scale and retention of the security building would still reduce the viability of the roost.

- 2d)** For the purpose of research and education, of re-populating and re-introducing these species and for the breeding operations necessary for these purposes, including artificial propagation of plants:

- i) Please summarise the objective(s) of the proposed activities making reference to those listed above and how the the purpose of such activities overrides the interests of strict protection of the species. ¹

- 2e)** To allow, under strictly supervised conditions, on a selective basis and to a limited extent, the taking or keeping of certain specimens of the species to the extent specified therein, which are referred to in the First Schedule

- i) Please clearly state the objective of the activity and verify that this reason is being chosen as the objective of the activity does not match reasons a-d listed above.

¹ Note that this reason may be appropriate for when research involves surveys that may cause disturbance of species under strict protection. But the sole purpose of the surveys should be for research and education or the other reasons listed above under 1d.

ii) Please summarise how the activity will result in the taking or keeping of limited numbers of specimens of the species, how it will be applied on a selective basis and to a limited extent, and how it will be done under strictly supervised conditions.

Test 2: Absence of Alternative solutions

2. Please summarise the alternative solutions that have been considered and why these solutions are deemed unsatisfactory. This must include the option of the “do-nothing” alternative and evidence should be objective and robust. Note that in all cases further information must be provided in the format set out in Part E: Template for Supporting Information.

Alternative Solution	Reasons for “Unsatisfactory”
Do-Nothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retaining the existing structure would leave the common pipistrelle bat roost undisturbed but would also retain a disused building that poses a health and safety hazard. Over time, the building would either deteriorate and become unsuitable or would require maintenance which would place the roost at risk without a suite of measures for protection. These measures may not occur if the building is not the subject of scrutiny (where no planning process is involved or regular monitoring is not in place).
Avoidance of roost	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoidance of the bat roost location within the site was considered. • However, the roost is located in a key access point for the site at the entrance gates and this would create an obstruction for traffic into the newly designed site. The structure would probably require hoarding to deter access or disturbance for the roost. Monitoring of the roost would become increasingly more difficult to organise if hoarding were in place and the safety of the roost would be compromised over time. • The building cannot be built to the appropriate size if the security building remains and the loss to the exchequer would be any taxes and charges due on an annual turnover in excess of €50 million.

* Please insert additional rows above if needed

Test 3:

In line with Regulation 54 & 54A of the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations 2011 (as amended), robust mitigation and compensation measures will be implemented to minimise harm to bats and ensure compliance with conservation objectives.

1. Timing of Works

- Works affecting roost sites will be scheduled outside the key bat breeding and hibernation periods (i.e. undertaken during appropriate seasonal windows, as guided by an ecologist).
- Any necessary exclusion or relocation will be carried out under supervision of a licensed bat specialist.

2. Pre-Construction Checks

- A qualified ecologist will conduct pre-demolition surveys immediately prior to works to confirm the status of bat usage.
- If active roosts are identified, appropriate exclusion methods (e.g. one-way exit devices) will be installed to allow bats to leave safely without re-entry.

3. Provision of Alternative Roosts

- Artificial bat roosts will be installed on site or in suitable nearby locations prior to the removal of existing roosts.
- These will be designed to accommodate the species recorded and located in ecologically appropriate positions (e.g. along commuting routes, near foraging habitats).
- This ensures no net loss of roosting opportunities.

4. Habitat Enhancement

- Landscaping will include night-scented plants and insect-rich habitats to enhance bat foraging opportunities.
- Dark corridors will be maintained to facilitate safe commuting routes between roosting and feeding areas, with lighting designed in line with bat-friendly best practice (lowlevel, directional, warm spectrum).

5. Monitoring and Reporting

- Post-construction monitoring will be undertaken by a licensed bat ecologist for at least two bat activity seasons.
- Monitoring will assess bat activity levels and usage of new roosts, with reports submitted to the NPWS (National Parks and Wildlife Service).
- If mitigation is found to be insufficient, adaptive measures will be implemented to ensure long-term effectiveness.

6. Commitment to Compliance

- All works will be carried out under the supervision of a licensed bat ecologist in full compliance with derogation conditions issued by the NPWS.
- Contractors will be briefed on the presence of bats and legal responsibilities through a site-specific ecological induction.

Conclusion for Test 2

Impact of a Derogation on Conservation Status

3. Please summarise the possible impacts on the population of the species that is subject to this application, taking into account all the mitigation and/or compensation measures that are to be undertaken. Evidence that such mitigation has been successful elsewhere should be provided where relevant. Mitigation measures being relied upon must ensure that the derogation will not be detrimental to the maintenance of the populations of the species to which the Habitats Directive relates at a favourable conservation status in their natural range. Note that in all cases further information must be provided in the format set out in Part E: Template for Supporting Information.

Common pipistrelle (*Pipistrellus pipistrellus*).

Pipistrelles are frequently found roosting in houses, although they also roost in other locations such as tree holes. In houses they prefer to occupy confined spaces such as behind hanging tiles and soffit boards or between roofing felt and roof tiles, rather than the main attic space.

Trends in these species are monitored annually by Bat Conservation Ireland on behalf of NPWS using the [Car-based Bat Monitoring Scheme](#). Results from this scheme indicate that since 2003 the soprano pipistrelle has increased significantly while the common pipistrelle has also increased, albeit more slowly. The reasons for these increases are poorly understood but both species may be recovering from past declines, or responding to increased woodland cover and/or climate change.

Conservation status

HABITATS DIRECTIVE ARTICLE 17 REPORTING

Range: Favourable

Population: Favourable

Habitat: Favourable

Future Prospects: Favourable

Overall Assessment of Conservation Status: Favourable

Overall Trend in Conservation Status: N/A Source:

NPWS 2013.

IUCN Conservation Status

Ireland: Least Concern

Europe: Least Concern

Global: Least Concern

Sources: (1) Marnell, F. et al 2009; (2) Hutson T., et al 2007 (3) Hutson, A.M. et al 2008

Legal status

Protected by the following legal instruments:

- Habitats Directive (92/43/EEC), Annex IV

- Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats (Bern

Convention) Appendix II

- Agreement on the Conservation of Populations of European Bats (EUROBATS)
- Wildlife Act (1976)
- Wildlife (Amendment) Act (2000)
- Wildlife (N.I.) Order of 1985

In the absence of any mitigation, there is the potential that individual bats would be injured or killed during demolition. Mitigation should ensure that no bats are injured. There is the potential for roost loss following the demolition of all buildings. At a future date, the bay boxes / bat tubes will provide roost opportunities for common pipistrelles. The species of bats concerned are common and widespread and will continue to roost and feed in the overall area.

Conclusion for Test 3

The combination of careful timing, pre-demolition exclusion, advance provision of replacement roosts, habitat enhancement, and ongoing monitoring will ensure that bats will continue to have suitable roosting and foraging opportunities. These measures will minimise impacts, secure the conservation status of bats locally, and allow the development to proceed in compliance with the Regulations.

Part E: Template for Supporting Information

This application form should provide a summary of the evidence that the applicant has provided. In all cases, it is necessary to provide separate supporting information so that the assessment of the application can be undertaken in a robust and comprehensive manner. Applicants should refer to guidance provided by the NPWS and the European Commission whilst preparing this application form and the supporting information.

It is essential that supporting information is prepared in a consistent manner using the template below so that NPWS officials assessing the application can locate the relevant evidence to determine if the three Tests can be met. Failure to provide sufficient evidence will result in the application being refused.

The structure of the Supporting Information should be as follows:

- 1) Table of Contents
- 2) Introduction
 - a. Objective of the proposed works (for example, as part of construction of a national road, repair of roofing, undertaking surveys etc.)
 - b. Name, qualifications and relevant experience of scientific staff, including trainees, (e.g. ecologist) involved in the preparation of the application and those responsible for carrying out the proposed activity.
 - c. If this application is for the carrying out of surveys that may cause disturbance, qualifications of all involved must be provided and trainees must be clearly identified.
- 3) Background to proposed activity including location, ownership, type of and need for the proposed activity, planning history, policy context, zoning in relevant Development plan (or equivalent), etc.
- 4) Full details of proposed activity to be covered by the derogation (including a site plan). The site may be inspected by an NPWS representative, so the details given should clearly reflect the extent of the project. This information will be used to compare site conditions with the Method Statement.

- 5) Ecological Survey and site assessment (Not required for applications to carry out surveys)
 - a. Pre-existing information on species at location and environs.
 - b. Status of the species in the local/regional area (relevant to the consideration of the impact on the population at the relevant geographic scale (Test 3))
 - c. Objective(s) of survey
 - d. Description of Surveys Area
 - e. Survey methodology (including evidence as to how the methodology represents best practice and is appropriate to the Objective). Methodology should include survey maps, details of timing, climate, equipment used and identify any uncertainties or difficulties encountered.
 - f. Survey results including raw data, any processed or aggregated data, and negative results as appropriate. Photographs and maps must be provided where site-specific features are referred.
 - g. Population size class assessment.

- 6) Evidence to support the Derogation Tests
 - a. Test 1 - Reason for Derogation:
 - i. There should be a clear explanation as to why a specific reason(s) has been selected in the application form.

 - ii. Applicants are advised to read the guidance published by the NPWS '[Guidance on Applications for Regulation 54 Derogations for Annex IV species: Guidance for Applicants](#)' with specific reference to Section 3.1.
 - b. Test 2 - Absence of Alternative Solutions
 - i. Applicants must list the alternatives to the proposed activity that have been considered, including the do-nothing alternatives in a clear and objective manner. A basic requirement is that these alternatives should be compared in terms of their impact on the species subject to strict protection. It should be clear to NPWS officials as to why the chosen approach has been selected.
 - ii. Applicants are advised to read the guidance published by '[Guidance on Applications for Regulation 54 Derogations for Annex IV species: Guidance for Applicants](#)' with specific reference to Section 3.2.
 - c. Test 3 - Impact of a derogation on Conservation Status
 - i. Applicants should include details of the population at the appropriate geographic scale and an evaluation of how the proposed activity will affect the conservation status both before and after mitigation measures have been applied.
 - ii. Full and detailed descriptions of proposed mitigation measures that are relevant to the potential impact on the target species. Evidence that such mitigation has been successful elsewhere should be provided, where available.
 - iii. Applicants are advised to read the guidance published '[Guidance on Applications for Regulation 54 Derogations for Annex IV species: Guidance for Applicants](#)' with specific reference to Section 3.3.

- 7) Monitoring the impacts of the derogations
 - a. Applicants must include details of how they propose to verify whether the derogations have been implemented correctly and whether they achieved their objective, using scientifically based evidence, and, if necessary, how the applicant will take corrective measures where required.
 - b. Applicants should provide details of proposed reports to be submitted to the NPWS including the results of monitoring.
 - c. Applicants are advised to read the guidance published by the European Commission "[Guidance document on the strict protection of animal species of Community interest under the Habitats Directive](#)" with specific reference to Section 3.4.

Part F. Declaration

I declare that all of the foregoing particulars are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true and correct. I understand that the deliberate killing, injuring, capturing or disturbing of protected species, or damage or destruction of their breeding sites or resting places or the deliberate taking or destroying of eggs is an offence without a derogation and that it is a legal requirement to comply with the conditions of any derogation I may be granted following this application. I understand that NPWS may visit to check compliance with a derogation.

Please note that under Regulation 5 of the European Communities (Birds and Natural Habitats) Regulations 2011-2021 an authorised officer may enter and inspect any land or premises for the purposes of performing any of their functions under these Regulations or for obtaining any information which they may require for such purposes.

Signature of the Applicant



Date

| 13 Oct 25

Name in BLOCK LETTERS

| JUSTIN PARKS

PRIVACY STATEMENT

See Privacy Statement at www.npws.ie/licences

npws.ie

Department of Housing, Local Government and Heritage



An Roinn Títhíochta,
Rialtais Áitiúil agus Oidhreachta
Department of Housing,
Local Government and Heritage